

## Masjid Ibrahim

Prayer Schedule for Austin, Texas – November, 2014

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www.MasjidIbrahim.org



Day	Nov	Hijri	Fajr	Sunrise	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghrib	Isha
Sat	1	8/1	6:39	7:45	1:15	4:21	6:44	7:51
Sun	2	9/1	5:40	6:45	12:15	3:21	5:43	6:50
Mon	3	10/1	5:40	6:46	12:15	3:20	5:43	6:50
Tue	4	11/1	5:41	6:47	12:15	3:19	5:42	6:49
Wed	5	12/1	5:42	6:48	12:15	3:19	5:41	6:49
Thu	6	13/1	5:42	6:49	12:15	3:18	5:40	6:48
<b>Fri</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>14/1</b>	<b>5:43</b>	<b>6:49</b>	<b>12:15</b>	<b>3:18</b>	<b>5:40</b>	<b>6:47</b>
Sat	8	15/1	5:44	6:50	12:15	3:17	5:39	6:47
Sun	9	16/1	5:44	6:51	12:15	3:17	5:38	6:46
Mon	10	17/1	5:45	6:52	12:15	3:16	5:38	6:46
Tue	11	18/1	5:46	6:53	12:16	3:16	5:37	6:45
Wed	12	19/1	5:47	6:53	12:16	3:15	5:37	6:45
Thu	13	20/1	5:47	6:54	12:16	3:15	5:36	6:44
<b>Fri</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>21/1</b>	<b>5:47</b>	<b>6:54</b>	<b>12:16</b>	<b>3:15</b>	<b>5:36</b>	<b>6:44</b>
Sat	15	22/1	5:49	6:56	12:16	3:14	5:35	6:44
Sun	16	23/1	5:49	6:57	12:16	3:14	5:35	6:43
Mon	17	24/1	5:50	6:58	12:16	3:14	5:34	6:43
Tue	18	25/1	5:51	6:58	12:17	3:13	5:34	6:43
Wed	19	26/1	5:52	6:59	12:17	3:13	5:33	6:42
Thu	20	27/1	5:52	7:00	12:17	3:13	5:33	6:42
<b>Fri</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>28/1</b>	<b>5:53</b>	<b>7:01</b>	<b>12:17</b>	<b>3:13</b>	<b>5:33</b>	<b>6:42</b>
Sat	22	29/1	5:54	7:02	12:18	3:12	5:32	6:42
Sun	23	1/2	5:54	7:03	12:18	3:12	5:32	6:41
Mon	24	2/2	5:55	7:03	12:18	3:12	5:32	6:41
Tue	25	3/2	5:56	7:04	12:19	3:12	5:32	6:41
Wed	26	4/2	5:57	7:05	12:19	3:12	5:32	6:41
Thu	27	5/2	5:57	7:06	12:19	3:12	5:31	6:41
<b>Fri</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>6/2</b>	<b>5:58</b>	<b>7:07</b>	<b>12:20</b>	<b>3:12</b>	<b>5:31</b>	<b>6:41</b>
Sat	29	7/2	5:59	7:07	12:20	3:12	5:31	6:41
Sun	30	8/2	6:00	7:08	12:20	3:12	5:31	6:41

### Thanksgiving is a celebration of mourning for Indian Americans:

From the informative piece written by a teacher, historian Chuck Larsen in the article titled "The Plymouth Thanksgiving Story"  
 "...Today the town of Plymouth Rock has a Thanksgiving ceremony each year in remembrance of the first Thanksgiving. There are still Wampanoag people living in Massachusetts. In 1970, they asked one of them to speak at the ceremony to mark the 350th anniversary of the Pilgrim's arrival. Here is part of what was said:  
 "Today is a time of celebrating for you -- a time of looking back to the first days of white people in America. **But it is not a time of celebrating for me.** It is with a heavy heart that I look back upon what happened to my People. When the Pilgrims arrived, we, the Wampanoags, welcomed them with open arms, little knowing that it was the beginning of the end. That before 50 years were to pass, the Wampanoag would no longer be a tribe. That we and other Indians living near the settlers would be killed by their guns or dead from diseases that we caught from them. Let us always remember, the Indian is and was just as human as the white people.  
 Although our way of life is almost gone, we, the Wampanoags, still walk the lands of Massachusetts. What has happened cannot be changed. But today we work toward a better America, a more Indian America where people and nature once again are important."

## Celebration has to be based upon Revelation

Celebrations are tawqifiyyah (i.e. has to be established with revelation only). Our noble religion has revealed to us our days of celebrations. These are the days of Eid for Muslim adults & children and we all need to educate ourselves of these days and devote our attention to celebrate these days only.

- a) Every Friday is a day of Eid (this is the weekly eid)
- b) Two Major yearly Eid: Eid Al Fitr (1st of Shawwal)  
Eid Al Adha (10th of Dhul Hijjah)
- c) Day of Arafah (9th of Dhul Hijjah)
- d) Three days of Tashreeq or Mina (11th, 12th and 13th of Dhul Hijjah)

As for the celebrations that are not allowed for Muslims to participate in, then they fall in two major categories:

- a) Cultural (ex: independence day of any country, language day etc...)
- b) Religious (any celebration that has any religious origin, practice etc...)

These also include the so-called innovated celebrations by ignorant Muslims (Shabe Me'raj, Shabe Barat, Eid Milad an-Nabi, celebration of Chadni raat etc...)

## Thanksgiving – A celebration of the White Settlers and the mournings of the Indian Americans

Thanksgiving is a major American holiday. It started as purely religious festival, held by the Puritan Christian settlers to offer thanks to "the Lord, Jeus Christ" for giving them abode and sustenance in the new American land.

Their descendants now celebrate their forefathers' survival against the hostile weather conditions and hostile "salvage" inhabitants of America. They do so by getting together on the last Thursday of November, eating turkey and offering prayers to the Lord.

However it is largely kept away from the eye of history that the early settlers actually stole the land from the native American Indians, learned from them the methods of farming and survival, enslaved many of them, forced them to adopt their Christian religion, and massacred large numbers of them. Therefore, while Thanksgiving is a day of rejoicing for many, it is a day of mourning for others. [quoted from "Festivals and Celebrations by Dr.

Sheikh Mohammad Al-Jibaly]

### **New Masjid Project Update Complete the building exterior**

Waterline has been approved...  
Work is going on full swing to finish the rest of the building...

Visit masjid website for updates of pictures  
Our Imam is scheduled to arrive this month  
inshaAllaah.

### **Iqaamah Timings** (changes initiate Fridays)

Please consult brothers Shamsuddin (512-554-6646) if you have any issues with the prayer timings

Day	Fajr	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghrib	Ishaa
<b>Nov 7</b>	6:05 am	1:00	3:45	+5 min	7:30 pm
<b>Nov 14</b>	6:10 am	1:00	3:45	+5 min	7:30 pm
<b>Nov 21</b>	6:15 am	1:00	3:45	+5 min	7:30 pm
<b>Nov 28</b>	6:20 am	1:00	3:45	+5 min	7:30 pm